

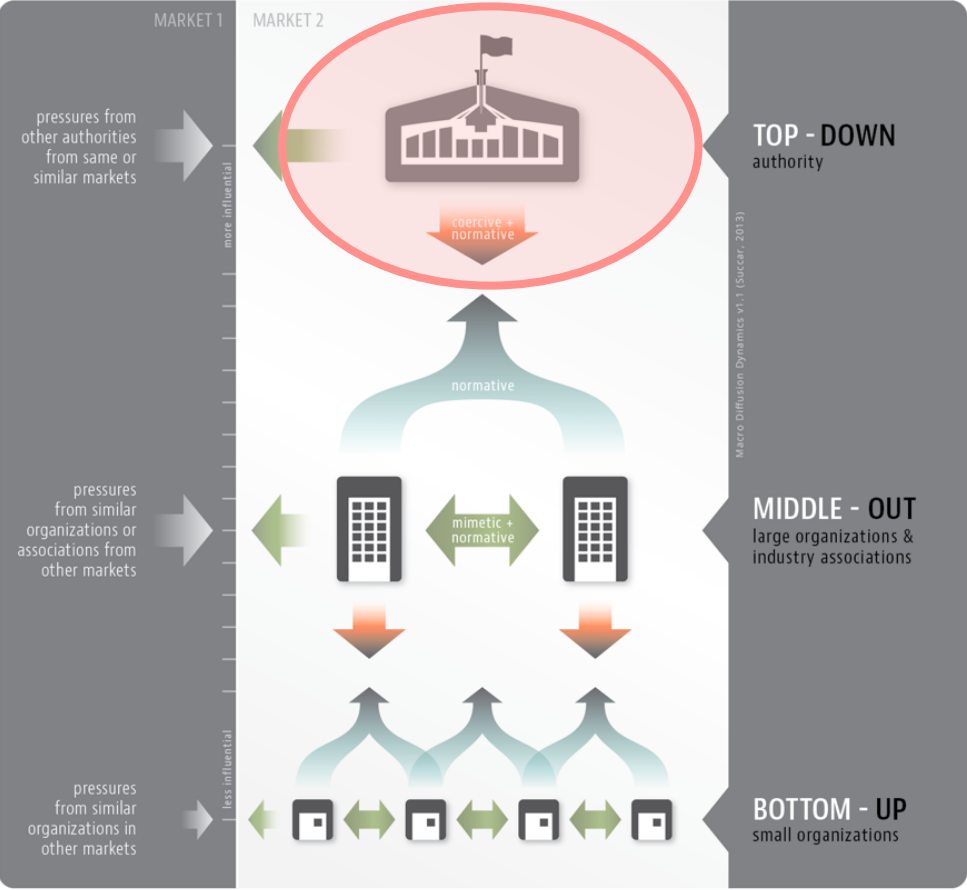


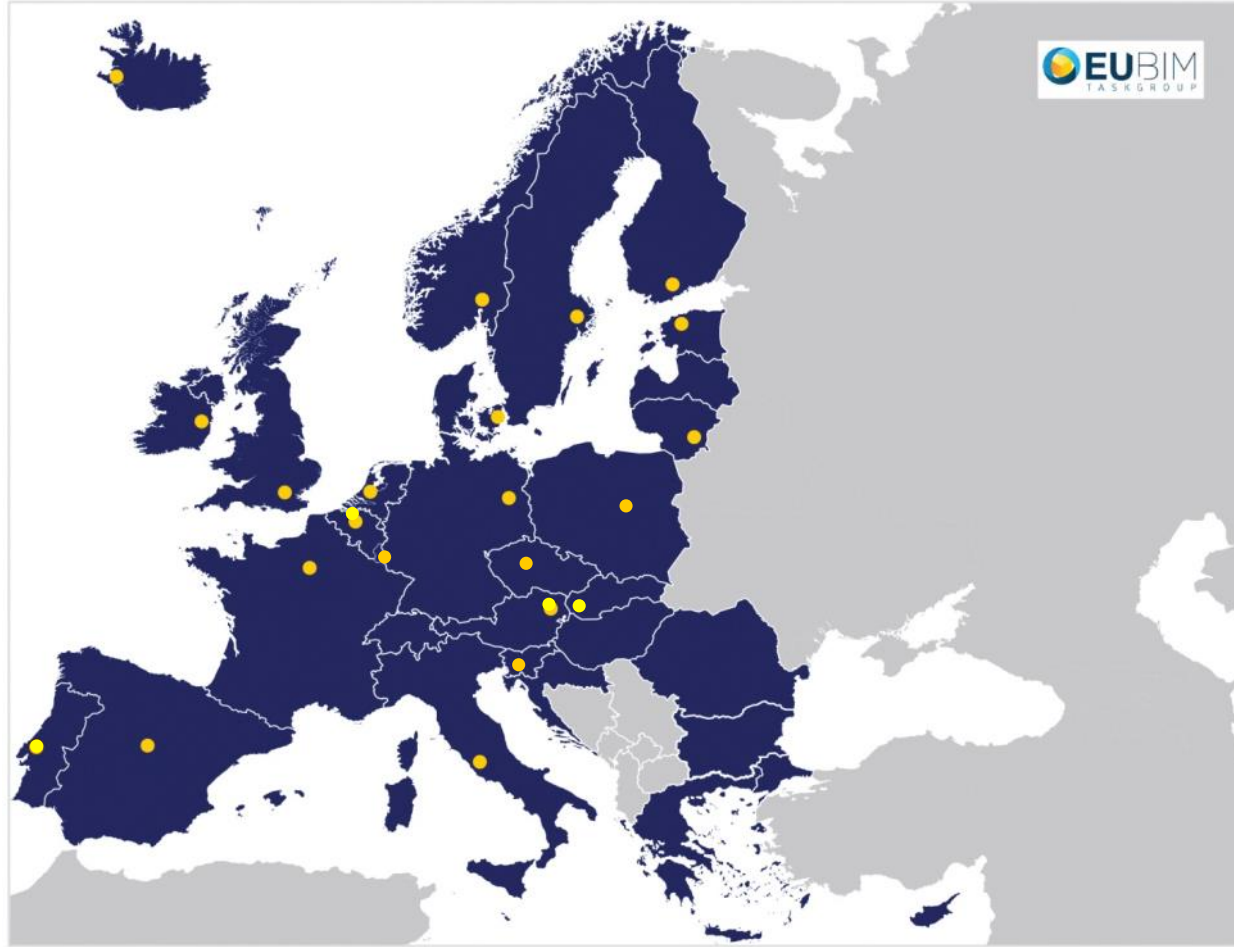
European Leadership in BIM

Adam Matthews
Chair, EU BIM Task Group
International Director, UK BIM Task Group

1 December, 2017







Rapidly evolving national digital programmes



Germany



Norway



Finland



Spain



France



UK



Netherlands



Denmark

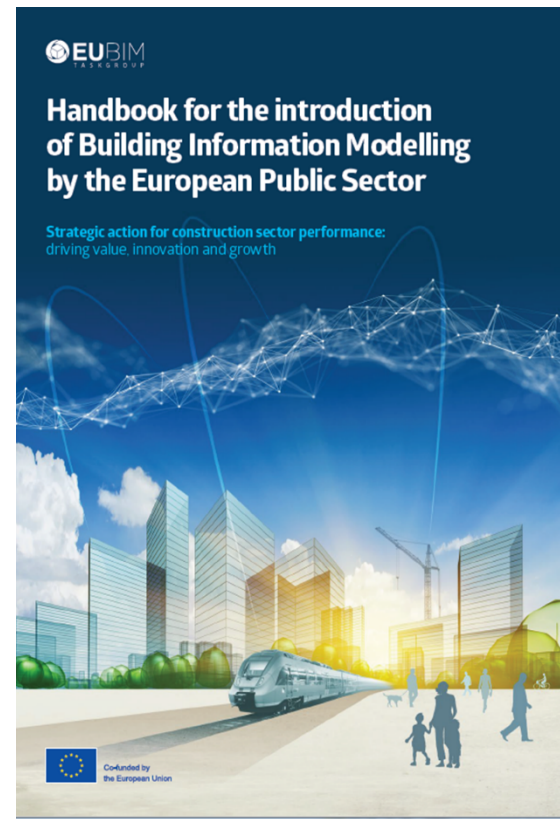


Risks of not collaborating



Why collaborate?

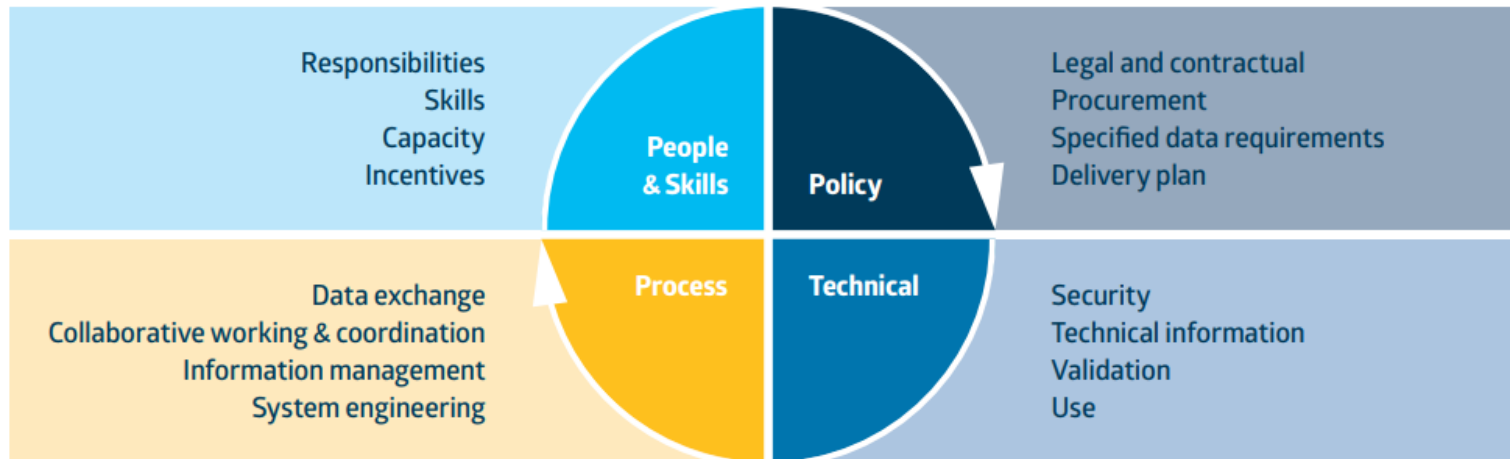
- Accelerate national efforts
- Create alignment
- Minimise costs and duplication
- Build impactful and robust programmes
- Open to trade to enable growth
- Encourage international standards developments and software integration



Four Pillars of Government BIM Programs



Common definition



Public Leadership



Austria
 Belgium
 Croatia
 Czech Republic
 Germany
 Denmark
 Estonia
 Spain
 Finland
 France
 Ireland
 Iceland



Italy
 Luxembourg
 Lithuania
 Netherlands
 Norway
 Poland
 Portugal
 Slovakia
 Slovenia
 Sweden
 UK





- Deliver **greater value** for public money: build more for the same
- Increased **openness, fairness, competitiveness** and productivity
- Stimulating **innovation and growth** in the construction and digital sectors
- Grow **digital construction market** for trading regionally and with the rest of the world

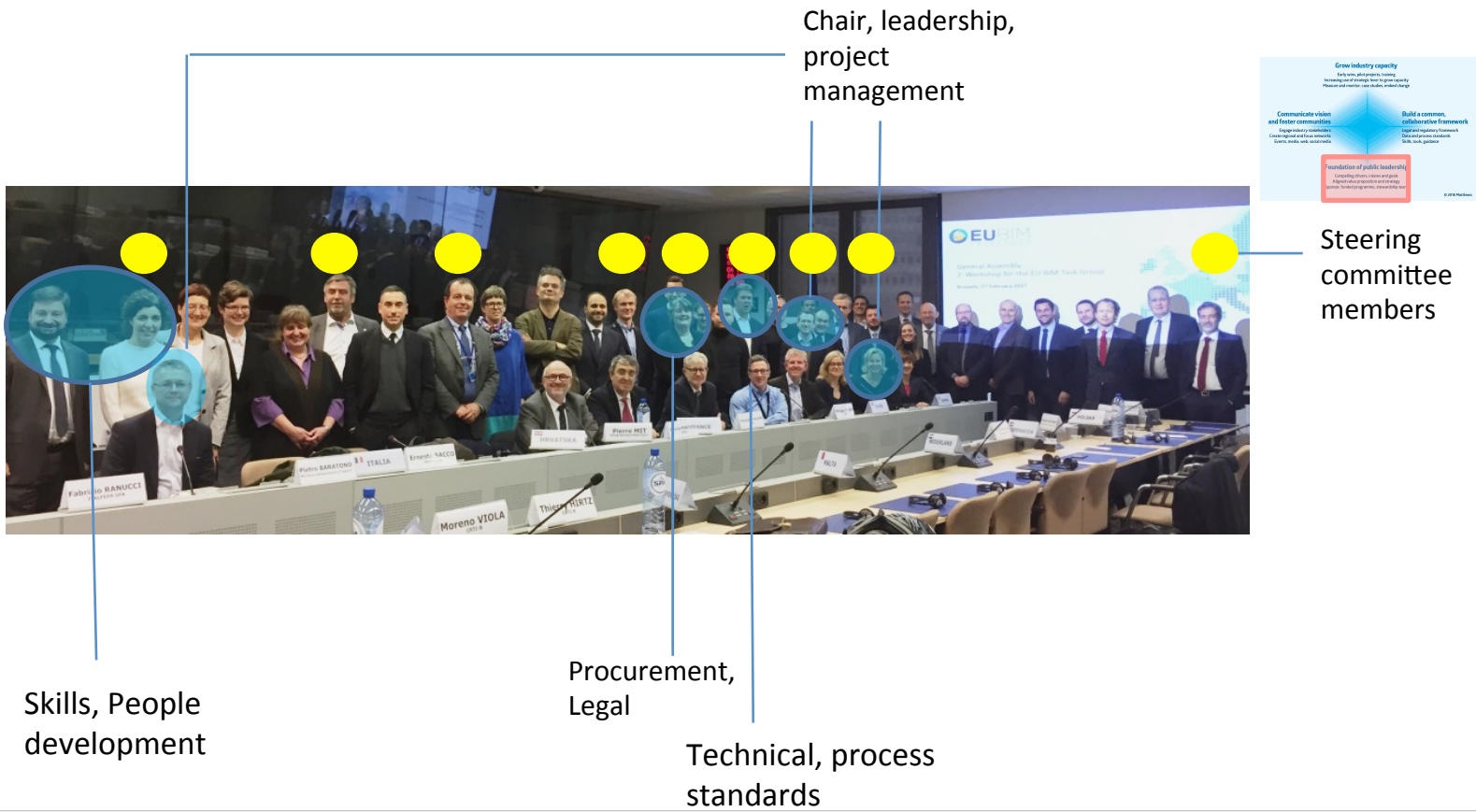
Global business case for BIM

- **Economic:** increase productivity, potential for growth, enhance position of European industry on international markets (construction, IT), ...
- **Environmental:** less waste, lean supply chain, lower energy demands, lighter carbon footprint, ...
- **Social:** facilities aligned with societal needs, job creation



What kind of savings are possible on the € 1.2 trillion?

What does BCG forecast?



Communication and Communities: Engaging People



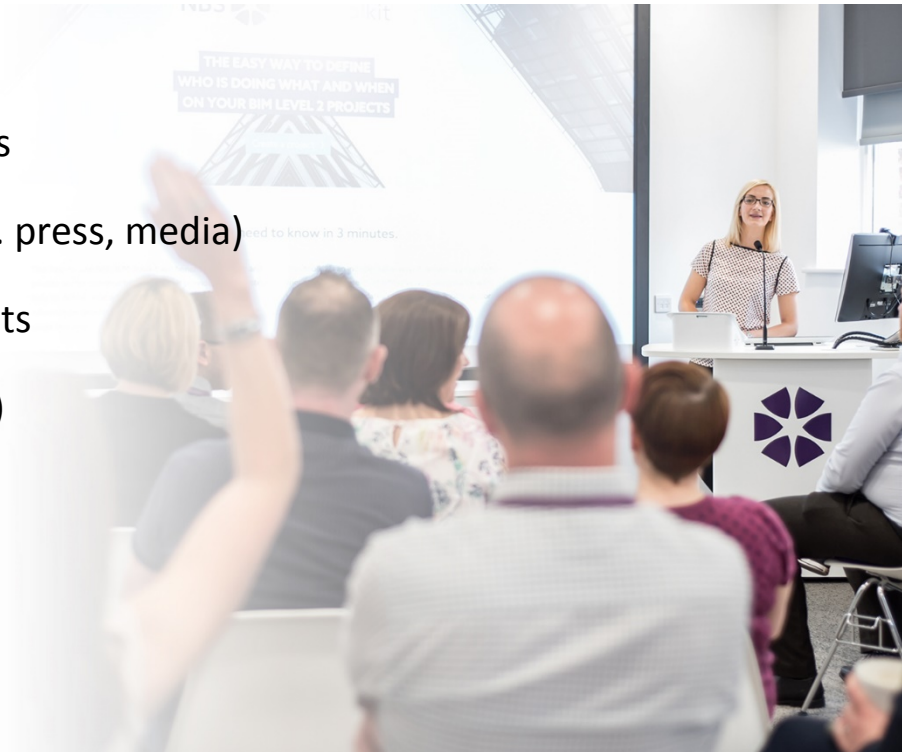
Engage clients and industry

Communicate targets

Build awareness (e.g. press, media)

Attend industry events

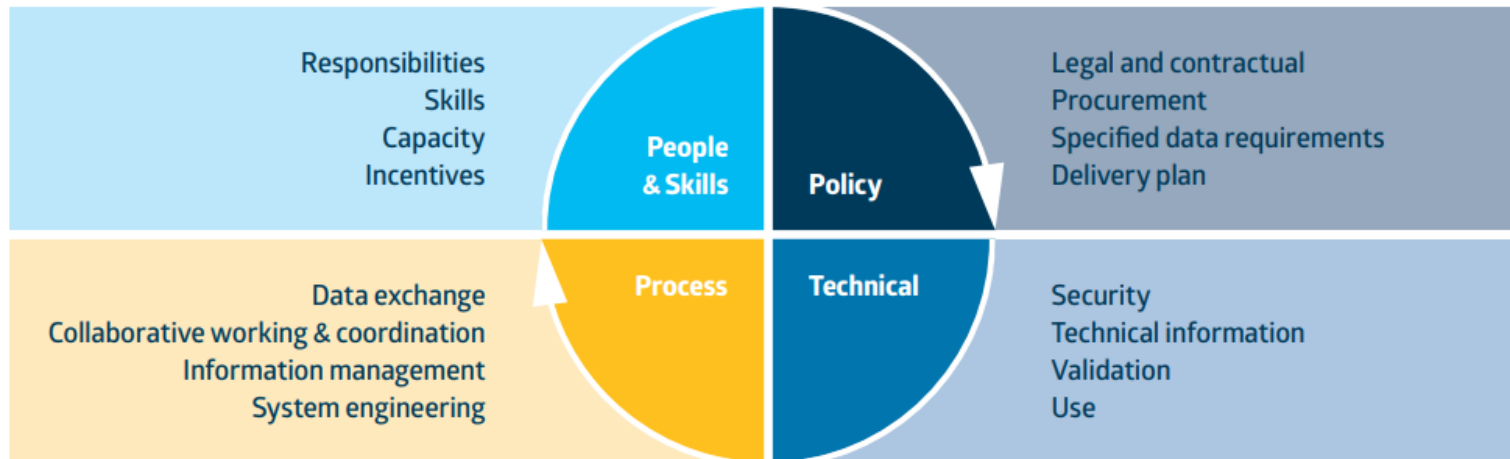
(national & Brussels)



Defining BIM: Standards, tools and guides



Common definition





Legal Issues

- Obligations of the Employer
- Information manager
- Intellectual property
- Limitations and liability



Technical and Process

- Information Management
 - PAS1192:2 Capital Delivery (ISO 19650)  
- EIR, BIM Execution Plan, Data delivery plan
- Data Exchange format
- Common data environment



Upskilling and people development

- Learning outcomes
- Industry response
- Client skills
- Certification

BIM Learning Outcomes Framework

1. Understand what BIM is, the contextual requirement for BIM Level 2 and its connection to the Government Construction Strategy and National Strategy 2020, including an understanding of	1. Understand the requirements for the management and exchange of information between supply chain members and clients, as outlined in the 1152 suite of standards and PAS01 / PAS 19882, including an understanding of
1.01 Background and the need for collaborative working (conveying wants, errors and poor quality/incomplete information)	1.01 The purpose for information in the capital and asset phase
1.02 The value of whole life and whole estate approach (rather than capital-led and single asset)	1.02 Requirements for the exchange of information between supply chain members in a collaborative manner as described in PAS1192.2: 2013 & PAS1192.3: 2014 and provided in conjunction with BS1192:2007
1.03 The concept of Built Landings (Government Built Landings (GSL))	1.03 Roles and responsibilities of the supply chain members and clients of BIM Level 2 and the implications on Scope of Services
1.04 Roles and responsibilities of the supply chain members and clients as part of BIM Level 2 delivery (cultural / behavioural)	1.04 BIM Plan Language Questions, Organizational Information Requirements (OIR), Organizational Information Requirements, Asset Information Requirements and the exchange of information between supply chain and client in a collaborative manner in context of PAS1192.2: 2013 and PAS1192.3:2014
1.05 External context for BIM, global, national, standards and support communities	1.05 BIM Execution Plan (BEP) in context of PAS1192.2:2013; the related concepts, purpose and implementation processes
1.06 Core and extended suite of standards, documents and deliverables describing BIM Level 2	1.06 Digital delivery of information between supply chain members and with clients in context of BS1192-4:2014(COBIW), Digital Plan or Work (CPW) and classification systems
1.07 Barriers to successful adoption of BIM Level 2 and how to create the conditions for success	1.07 The Concept, purpose and implementation principles of Project Information Models (PIM & Asset Information Models (AIM) and the relationship and distinction between them
1.08 The value of high quality data and the principles of data management	1.08 A Common Data Environment (CDE) as described in the 1152 suite of standards
1.09 The key vulnerability issues and nature of controls required to enable the trustworthiness and security of digital built assets	1.09 The implications of Level 2 BIM in relation to project team working methods as described in BS1192:2007
1.10 The value of high quality data and the principles of data management	1.10 The way in which Level 2 BIM can be adapted to benefit decision-making for design management
2. Understand the implications and value proposition of BIM within your organization, including an understanding of	1.11 Technologies and methods for creating, using and maintaining structured information
2.01 Implementation implications for the introduction of BIM Level 2 on your organization and supply chain (e.g. Training, management processes and systems)	1.12 Contractual interventions required to support BIM Level 2 and the implications on existing forms of contract
2.02 Organizational change management considerations in context of the introduction of BIM Level 2	1.13 Ownership of information and related issues of IP and copyright, insurances and potential liabilities
2.03 Assessment of capability of your organization and your supply chain (e.g. standard methods of assessment PAS097 Table 5)	1.14 Requirements for security-related policies, processes and procedures which address specific security threats or combinations of threats in a consistent and holistic manner
2.04 Technical, technology and interoperability requirements of Level 2 BIM (Information Management / CDE, model-based design and analysis)	
2.05 The importance of Level 2 BIM as a driver for business process review and improvement	
2.06 Legal and commercial implementation implications for the introduction of BIM Level 2 on your organization and supply chain (e.g. commercial stakeholders)	
2.07 The value, benefits and investment associated with BIM Level 2	
2.08 How BIM supports the relationship between Design & Construction and Facilities & Asset Management	
2.09 The potential security threats to built information assets, and the need for the development of an appropriate and proportionate security risk management approach	



Building Capacity: Clients and industry



So far... Phase 1

Strategy

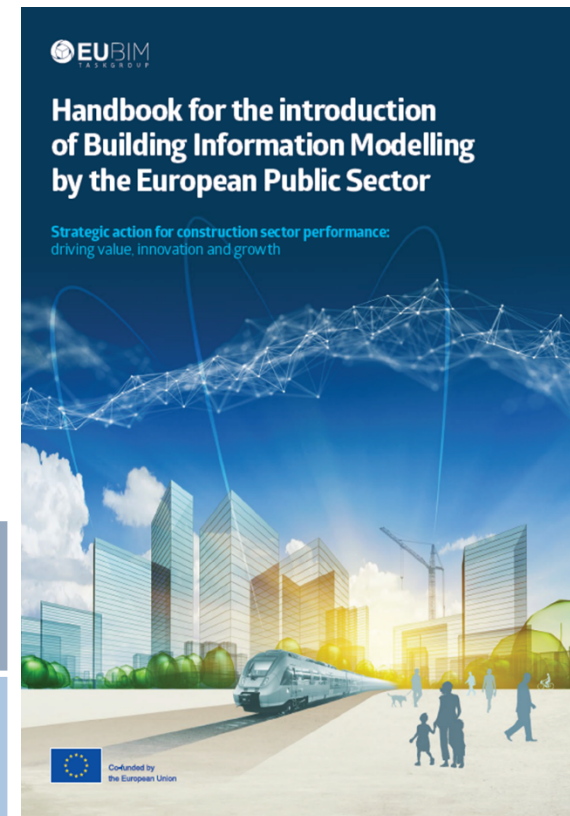
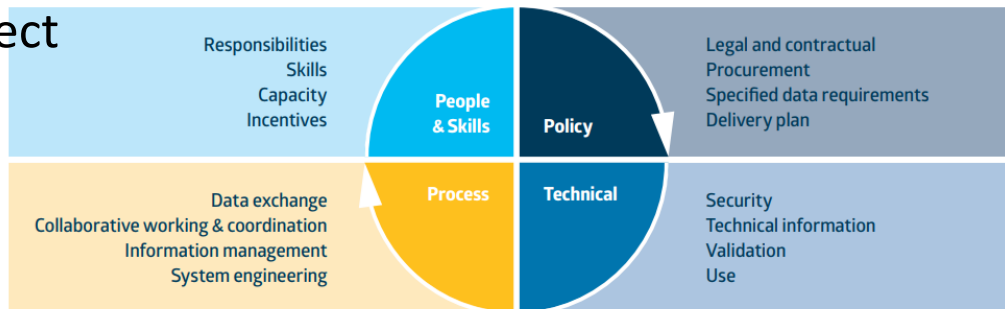


www.eubim.eu/handbook



- 20+ nations
- 15+ languages

Project



Phase 2... 2018+



Leadership in Europe

- Public leadership growing
- Accelerating national adoption
- Growing demand for standards





EU BIM
T A S K G R O U P

Bringing together national efforts into a common and aligned European approach to develop a world-class digital construction sector

EU BIM Task Group

www.eubim.eu

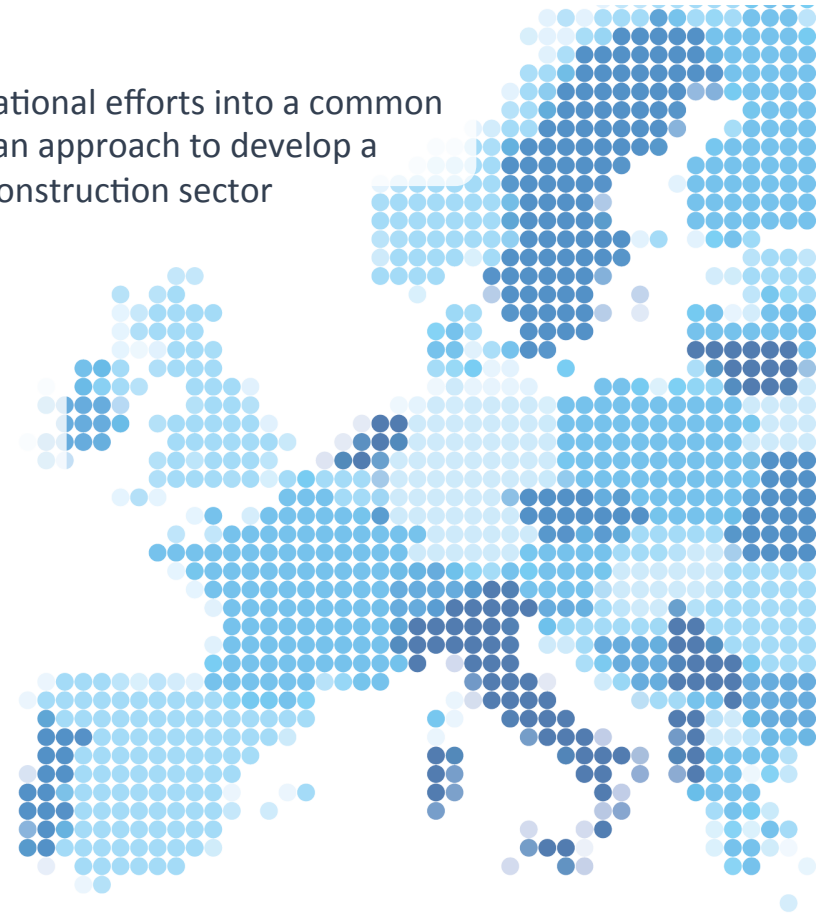
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Co-funded
by the
European Union



Open BIM Standards & Mandate
Mandates in place
Future Mandates: fixed
BIM Programmes planned
No BIM requirement

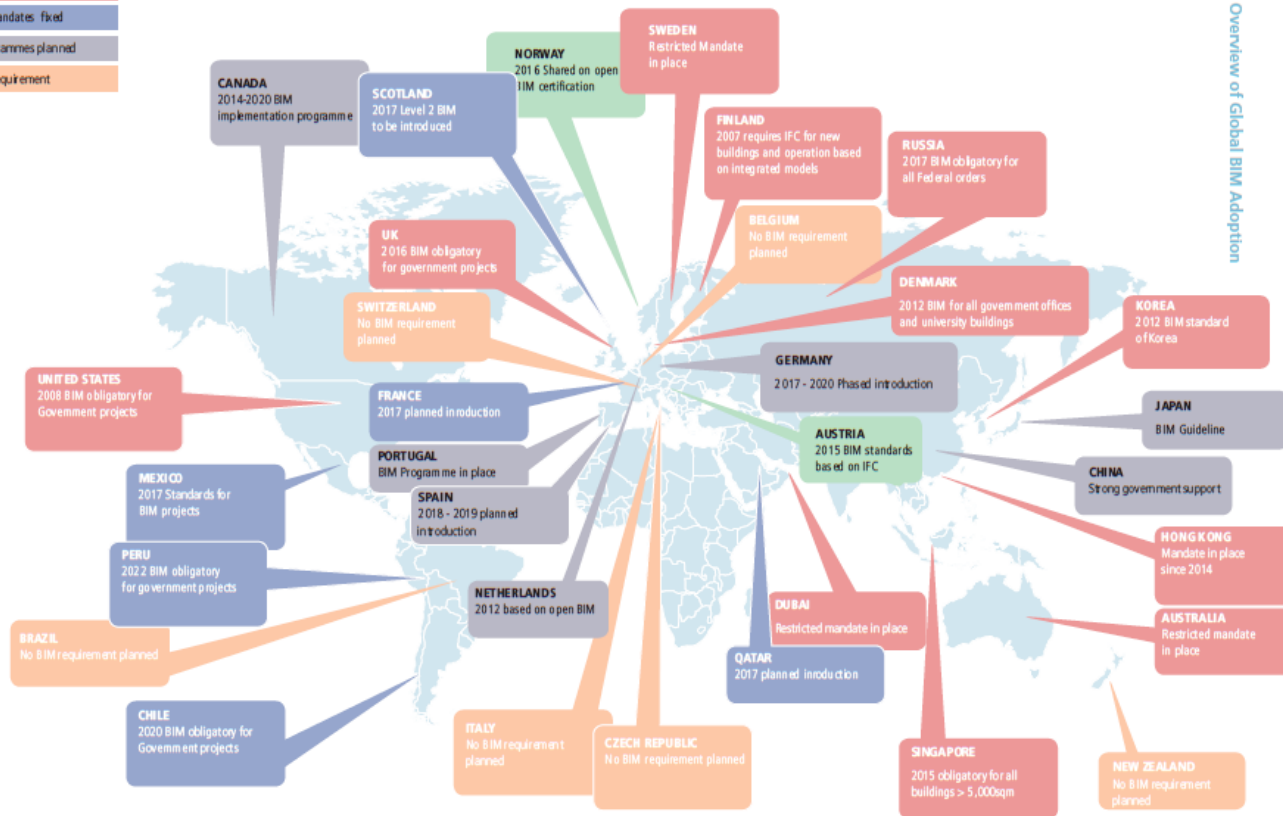


Figure 1: Overview of global BIM Adoption

EU BIM Task Group



Public Policy User



National Or Local Public Client/ Procurer User



Operator User

EU BIM Task Group

Steering Committee

General Assembly

European Commission

Small group of 5-8 representatives of region

All countries review recommendations, contribute ideas



Sponsor

European Commission with support from home nations

Goal

By 2017: Build understanding and common framework for BIM in the public sector

Strategy

Public sector group to gather European expertise to evaluate and develop an aligned introduction and definition of BIM



Implementation Plan

1. Survey existing European practice
2. Grow the public sector community and knowledge sharing
3. Develop a handbook
4. Increase capacity of the public client